Patient Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_DOB: Phone:

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| **Reason for Referral (please tick)** | |
| I**mmediate** (to ED or same day appointment) | **Urgent** (within 1 week) |
| * Acute ischaemic limb * Extensive ilio-femoral DVT * Axillary vein thrombosis * Acute pulmonary embolism * Symptomatic AAA (tenderness or rapid increase in size) * Asymptomatic AAA ≥8cm * Symptomatic carotid artery stenosis (Crescendo or multiple TIA  or amaurosis fugax) * Thrombosed or bleeding AVF * Diabetic foot infection | * Chronic limb ischaemia with rest pain, gangrene or ulceration * Unprovoked DVT * Recurrent DVT * AAA ≥5cm * Superficial thrombophlebitis * Bleeding varicose veins * Post-op wound breakdown * False aneurysm post intervention * Thoracic aortic aneurysm * Asymptomatic aortic dissection * Popliteal aneurysm >2cm * Asymptomatic stenosis of the internal carotid artery |
| **Semi-Urgent** (within 4 weeks) | **Routine** (more than 4 weeks) |
| * AAA >3cm and <5cm * Claudication * Asymptomatic peripheral aneurysms * Malfunctioning AVF * Carotid body tumour * Non-healing lower limb ulcers * Pelvic congestion syndrome | * Varicose veins * Recurrent venous ulcers * Unexplained lower limb oedema * Lymphedema * Arterial-venous malformation * Thoracic outlet syndrome * Subclavian artery stenosis * Hyperhidrosis * Incidental finding of mesenteric or renal artery stenosis (asymptomatic) * Incidental finding of subclavian stenosis (asymptomatic) * Other |

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| Clinical Comments |
| Imaging tests performed : |

Referred by:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Phone:

Provider No: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Fax: